

IMMIGRANT STUDENTS KNOW YOUR RIGHTS

You don't check your rights at the schoolhouse doors

This document introduces important information for students in Wyoming public schools. Please note that this isn't intended as strict legal advice, but a guide to knowing what rights you are afforded while attending public school and how you can exercise them.

Please email us at <u>aclumy@aclu.org</u> with any questions or call (307)637-4565 anytime.

YOUR RIGHT TO AN EDUCATION

Do I have the right to a K-12 education as an undocumented student?

• YES. Every child who lives in Wyoming has the right to a free public education regardless of the child or his/her family's race, nationality, sex, religion, whether they speak English or not, and immigration status. Every child in Wyoming, including non-citizens and undocumented students, has a right to attend a public school in the district where his or her parent reside or a charter school.

IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS ON SCHOOL CAMPUS

Will the U.S. government conduct immigration enforcement actions on my school campus?

- **USUALLY NO.** The United States government has a policy that generally prohibits immigration enforcement actions on or directed towards school campuses. The types of schools covered by this policy include primary, secondary, and post-secondary schools such as colleges and universities as well as licensed daycare centers, preschools, school bus stops, and any school-related activity or event.
- Right now, students and parents should not fear encountering immigration officials at any of these locations. But this could change in the future so it is important to remain vigilant.

What do you mean by an "immigration enforcement action"?

• Immigration enforcement actions are actions taken by U.S. Immigration Customs Enforcement (ICE), and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) officers. Examples of such actions include searches, interviews, surveillance for immigration purposes, and arrests.

What is a "safe haven" or "safe zone" school district policy?

• Some school districts in the U.S. have declared that they are "safe zone" or "safe haven" school districts. This means that the district promises to resist efforts of immigration authorities to come on campus or use school records for immigration enforcement purposes.



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Should I be worried if my school has not declared itself a "safe haven" or "safe zone" district?

• **NOT RIGHT NOW.** Under current policy and practice, immigration enforcement actions are generally not allowed on school campus. But because some undocumented students and families are fearful that things will change in the future, some districts have declared themselves a "safe haven" or "safe zone" to reassure these students and families.

SCHOOL REQUESTS FOR STUDENT DOCUMENTS

Can my school district ask about my citizenship or immigration status for proof that I live in the school district?

• NO. School districts may NOT ask about a student's citizenship or immigration status as proof of a student's residency within a district. Schools may ask for phone bills, lease agreements, affidavits, or other documents to prove residency instead.

Do I have the right to withhold information on my citizenship or immigration status from my school districts?

• **YES.** You have the right to withhold information on your citizenship or immigration status from your school. Your school may **NOT** stop you from enrolling if you do not provide that information.

Can my school district request my birth certificate as proof of my age?

• YES, HOWEVER your school district may NOT stop you from enrolling in school because you lack a birth certificate or have a foreign place of birth.

Do I have the right to refuse to provide my social security number to my school district?

- YES. Some school districts request a student's social security number during enrollment to use as a student identification number. If a school district requests a student's social security number, it must: (1) inform you and your parent that providing it is voluntary and that refusing to provide it will not bar you from enrolling in or attending school, and (2) explain for what purpose the number will be used.
- A school district **MAY NOT** prevent you from enrolling in or attending school if you choose not to provide your social security number.

Does my parent have the right to refuse providing his or her social security number to my school?

• YES. Your parent or guardian can refuse to provide his or her social security number if asked by a school. Your school cannot stop you from enrolling because your parent or guardian refuses to provide their social security number.



PRIVACY OF STUDENT RECORDS

Could immigration enforcement authorities get my student records from my school?

- MAYBE. It may be possible for immigration enforcement authorities to access your student records, including identifying information such as your place of birth and immigration status if you have provided it to your school. However, it is not current policy or practice. This could change in the future so it is important to be careful about what information you share.
- More details about the government's ability to obtain your student records are provided below.

Do I have the right to control who sees the student records held by my school?

• **GENERALLY, YES.** However; there are exceptions. A law called the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (also known as "FERPA") requires that your school ask for your permission before it discloses information in your student record. But there are some times when your school can share your student records without your permission, as described more below.

Could my school give my personal information, including my undocumented status, to the federal government without my permission?

• YES. Although FERPA and state law protects the privacy of your student records generally, there are circumstances when your school must share such information without your permission to the federal government. For example, your school must share your records without your permission if a court issues a subpoena or court order.

What happens if a court issues a subpoena to my school for my student records?

• Your school must comply with an order it receives from a judge to turnover student records. It is important to be cautious about what information you share.

Can my school share my place of birth with immigration enforcement authorities without my permission?

• YES. FERPA allows your school to share some of your student information including your place of birth, email address, telephone number, and address without your permission. However, your school can refuse to share this information. You should ask your school district to promise not to share such information.

Can other federal agencies ask my school to turn over my student records without my permission?

• IT DEPENDS. The United Sates Department of Justice and Department of Education could ask your school to share your student records without your permission, but they may NOT ask for just any reason. The records they request must relate to a program at your school.



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• If these agencies receive such information, there are rules that make it difficult for them to re-share the information with others such as immigration enforcement authorities.

If the United States Department of Justice or Department of Education asks for my student records, is my school required to provide those records?

- **NO.** Your school has the right to refuse to provide such records, or parts of these records, to these federal agencies.
- You should encourage your school to adopt a policy promising not to share any information on your undocumented status with federal agencies unless required to do so by a court order.

HIGHER EDUCATION

What rights do I have to higher education (community colleges, trade schools, colleges, or universities) as an undocumented student?

• Currently, undocumented students in the United States are not guaranteed the right to receive a higher education. Additionally, if an undocumented student resides in or has completed high school in Wyoming, they will not be able to receive in-state tuition at state-run universities.

As an undocumented student am I eligible for financial aid to attend college?

• **NO.** Unfortunately, as an undocumented student you cannot receive federal financial aid.

PRIVACY OF FEDERAL STUDENT AID RECORDS

In my application for federal student aid through FAFSA, I revealed that my parents are undocumented by filling in "Os" for their social security number as asked in the FAFSA form. Could immigration enforcement authorities access this information from my FAFSA records?

- YES. There is some risk involved in submitting a FAFSA form that reveals an undocumented parent because the U.S. Department of Education can share FAFSA application information with law enforcement agencies. Immigration enforcement authorities have never requested student FAFSA information in the past, but that could change in the future.
- Each student should make the decision that is best for them in light of this risk and the important decision to attend college.



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PREPARING FOR THE POSSIBILITY OF A PARENT'S ARREST OR REMOVAL

What should I do if my undocumented parent or guardian is detained by immigration enforcement authorities?

• It is important to have a plan in place if your parent or guardian is detained by immigration enforcement authorities. We recommend that the "emergency contact" in your student file at school include information of a relative or friend who has legal status who can be available to care for you.

What else can I do to make sure that I am safe if my parent or guardian is detained by immigration enforcement authorities?

• Urge your school to adopt a policy that it will return any student to a family member or emergency contact listed in your student file rather than to state protective services if a parent or guardian is detained by immigration enforcement authorities. Your school should only call state protective services as a last resort. Your school should never contact immigration enforcement authorities.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- $\bullet \quad \text{Immigration Law Resource Center-Immigration Youth} \\ ilrc.org/immigrant-youth$
- ACLU National Know Your Rights: Immigrants' Rights *aclu.org*/know-your-rights

GENERAL INFORMATION ON DACA

On June 15, 2012, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) announced that it would not deport certain undocumented youth who came to the United States as children. Under a directive from the DHS secretary, these youth may be granted a type of temporary permission to stay in the U.S. called "deferred action." The Obama administration called this program Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals, or DACA. On September 5, 2017, DHS issued a memo reversing this policy. The reversal has since been challenged in court and the ultimate outcome is still uncertain. For more information about the current status of the DACA program visit: nilc.org/issues/daca/